

INDUSTRIAL VALVE SOLUTION



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Autoryzowany Przedstawiciel marki:  **elektrogas®**



**VF, VFT
VFH**

**Butterfly valves
Rp3/4 ... Rp2
DN40 ... DN200**



VF, VFT VFH

Butterfly valves

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Description

VF, VFT and VFH butterfly valves are designed for regulation and control of gas flow and air flow in combustion processes.

Valves can be operated manually using a lever (to setup the high-fire rate of the burner) or automatically using a servomotor (modulating or staged control) or a solenoid actuator (two-stage control).

Features

Valves are made of aluminum (VF/VFT types) or cast-iron (VFH type), with wide range of threaded connections and for installation between EN 1092 flanges.

Possibility to have one-size or two-size reductions of the nominal diameter for VF/VFT types.

Versions suitable for use with air and non-aggressive gases according to EN 437 (VF/VFT types); also available for aggressive gases or with seal for low leakages at valve closed.

Version suitable for heated air and flue gas (VFH type provided with butterfly disc stop).

The VFH type is provided with a double-eccentricity disc and a spring to reduce the backlash. This results in a high precision adjustment and avoids valve floating.

Operated by manual lever, servomotor or by solenoid actuator.

All components are designed to withstand any mechanical, chemical, thermal condition occurring during typical service. Effective impregnation and surface treatments have been used to improve mechanical sturdiness, sealing and resistance to corrosion of the components.

 This control must be installed in compliance with the rules in force.

Functioning and application

VF/VFT/VFH butterfly valves are devices for regulation/modulation using auxiliary power supply or manually operated.

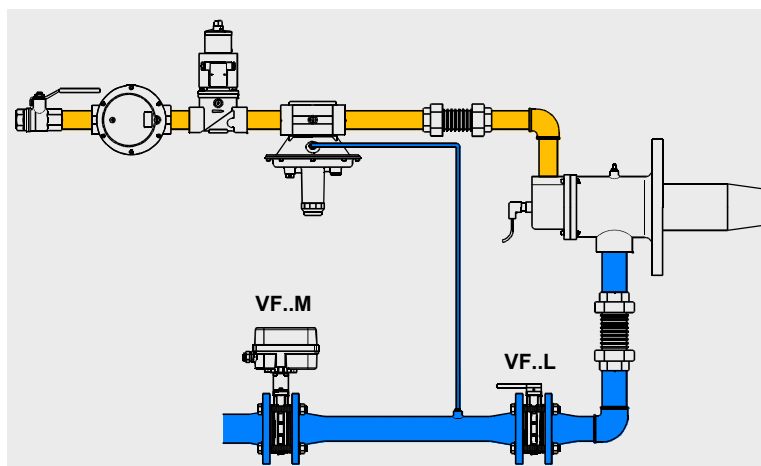


Fig. 1

- in case of combustion process being regulated by combustion air modulation, VF(VFT) valves with servomotor can be used, coupled to another butterfly valve manually operated (available graduated scale and locking screw) to setup high-fire rate of the burner.

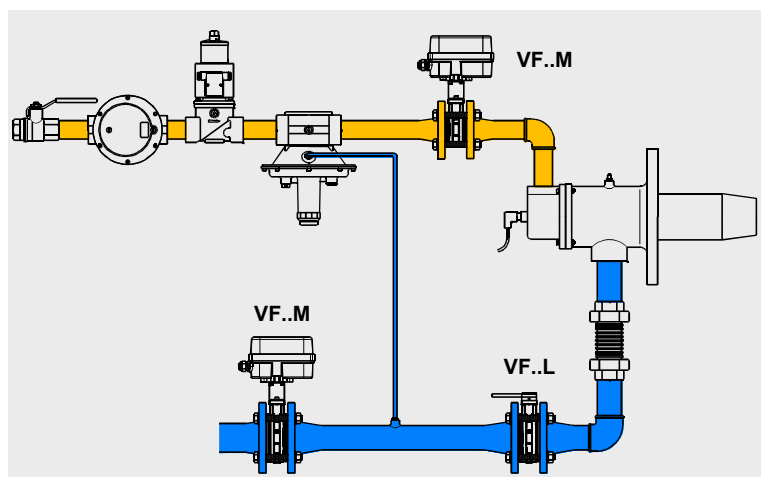


Fig. 2

- In case of combustion process with excess of air or gas, VF(VFT) butterfly valve can be used, coupled to a Lambda sensor for ratio correction.

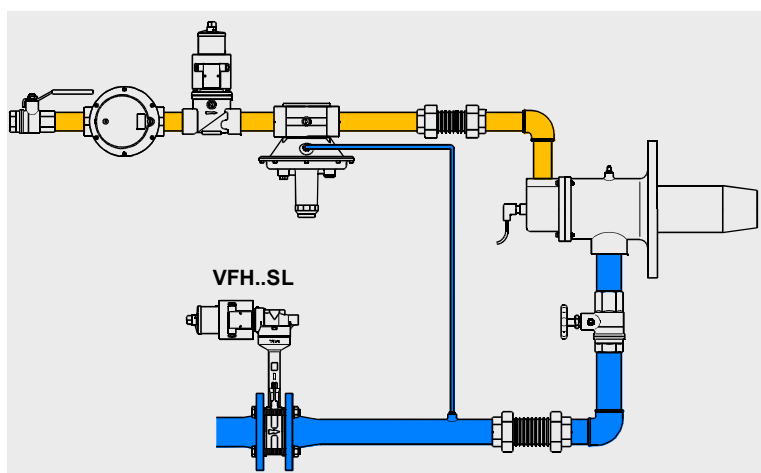


Fig. 3

- In case of combustion process with pre-heated air, VFH butterfly valve can be used. Solenoid actuator is preferentially suitable for min/max regulation with heavy duty cycles.

Technical specifications

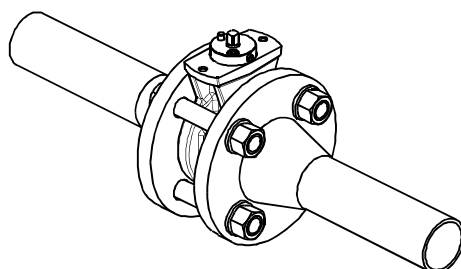
Tab. 1

	VF, VFT	VFH
Connections	Threaded from Rp3/4 to Rp2 according to EN 10226-1 From DN40 up to DN150 for fitting between two flanges according to EN 1092 PN16	From DN40 up to DN200 for fitting between two flanges according to EN 1092 PN16
Rotation angle	0 / 90° adjustable	0 / 90° adjustable
Ambient temperature	-15°C / +60°C	-15°C / +60°C
Media type	Air and non-aggressive gases according EN 437	Heated air and flue gas
Max. media temperature	+60°C +200°C for use with air only (special version on request)	+250°C +450°C with dissipators (optional kit)
Max. Operating pressure	500 mbar (50 kPa)	150 mbar (15 kPa)
Max. Pressure loss @ V_{max}	150 mbar (15 kPa)	45 mbar (4,5 kPa)
Flow rate	See tables	See tables
Materials in contact with fluid	Aluminium alloy Copper alloy Stainless steel Nitrile rubber (NBR) Fluoroelastomer (FPM) Polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE)	Cast iron Stainless steel Polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE)
Driving systems and actuators	- square shaft □8 - round shaft Ø10 - manual lever - solenoid SR/SL/ST - servomotor MZ - servomotor MZ with lever	- manual lever - solenoid SR/SL/ST - servomotor MZ

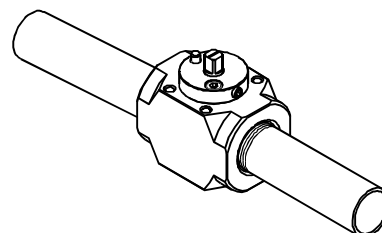
VF VFT	Rp3/4	Rp1	Rp1¼	DN40 Rp1½	DN50 Rp2	DN65	DN80	DN100	DN125	DN150	
S..4	●	●	●	●	●	●					
S..8							●	●	●	●	
MZ	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●			
MZ..10									●	●	

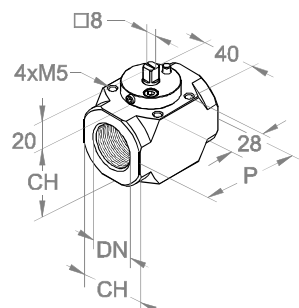
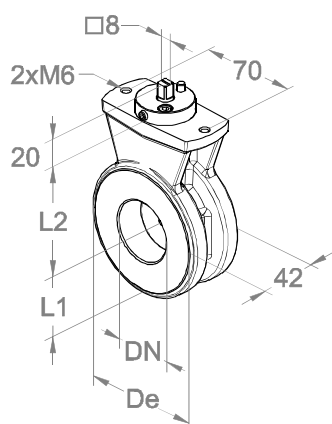
VFH				DN40	DN50	DN65	DN80	DN100	DN125	DN150	DN200
S..4				●	●						
S..8						●	●	●			
MZ				●	●	●	●	●			
MZ..10									●	●	●

Fitting between two flanges
according to EN 1092 PN16



Fitting onto threaded
pipelines



VFT

VF


Square shaft

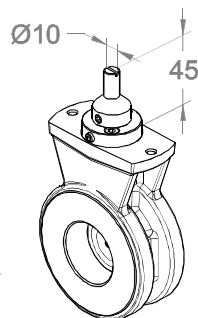
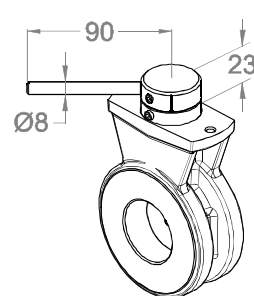
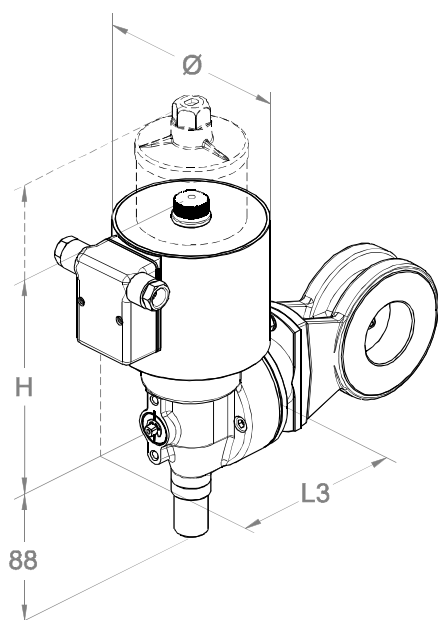
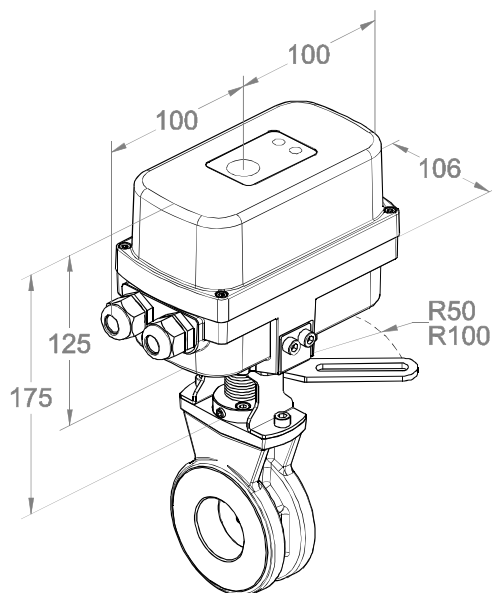

 Round shaft
(+Set O)

 Manual lever
(+Set L)

 Solenoid actuator
(+Set S/ST)

 Servomotor
(+Set M/MT)
(+Set ML/MTL)

Fig.5

Tab. 2

Connections	Overall dimensions [mm]					Weight ¹ [Kg]	Actuator	Overall dimensions [mm]			Weight [Kg]
	CH	P	De	L1	L2			L3	H	Ø	
Rp 3/4	50	70				0,45					
Rp 1	50	70				0,40					
Rp 1¼	65	85				0,75					
Rp 1½	65	85				0,65					
Rp 2	75	90				0,80					
DN 40			92	46	80	0,8	SR4	126	160	100	5,0
DN 50			107	53,5	87,5	0,9	SL4	126	230	100	5,5
DN 65			127	63,5	97,5	1,2	ST4	126	240	100	5,6
DN 80			142	71	105	1,3	SR8	134	182	114	7,2
DN 100			162	81	115	1,5	SL8	134	252	114	7,7
DN 125			192	96	130	1,8	ST8	134	262	114	7,8
DN 150			217	108,5	147,5	2,2	MZ				2,4

⁽¹⁾ Actuator weight excluded (adapter for VF..S 0,55Kg)

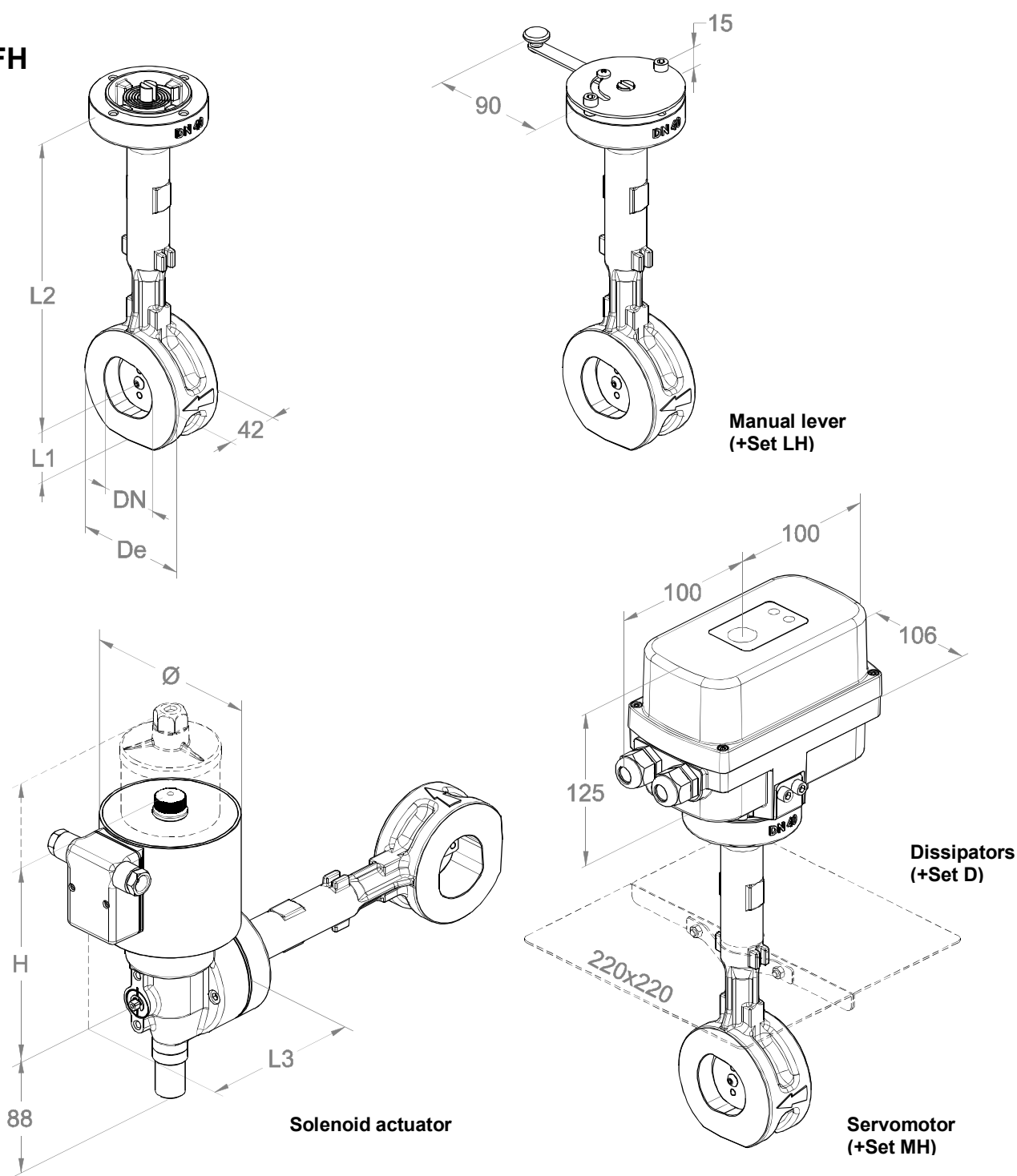
VFH


Fig.6

Tab. 3

Connections	Overall dimensions [mm]			Weight ⁽¹⁾ [Kg]	Actuator	Overall dimensions [mm]			Weight [Kg]
	De	L1	L2			L3	H	Ø	
DN 40	92	42	230	2,9	SR4	126	160	100	5,0
DN 50	107	49,5	237,5	3,3	SL4	126	230	100	5,5
DN 65	127	59,5	247,5	3,9	ST4	126	240	100	5,6
DN 80	142	67	255	4,3	SR8	134	182	114	7,2
DN 100	162	81	265	4,8	SL8	134	252	114	7,7
DN 125	192	99	275	7,2	ST8	134	262	114	7,8
DN 150	217	111	287	8,2	MZ				2,4
DN 200	275	140	315	11					

⁽¹⁾ Actuator weight excluded

Flow chart - VF, VFT

- blue lines: leakage @ 0° opening angle
- orange lines: max flowrate @ 90° opening angle

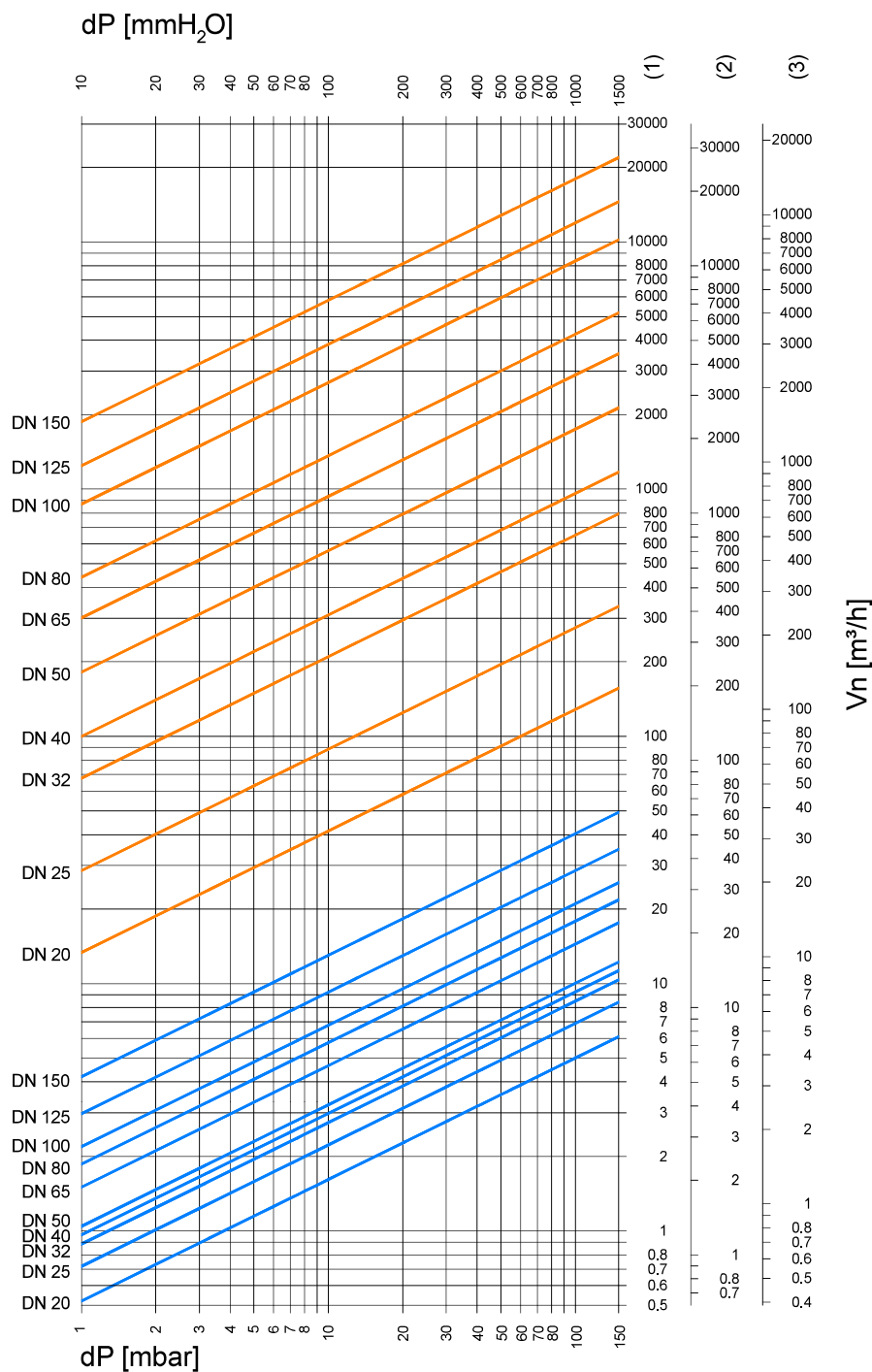


Fig.7

Formula of conversion from air to other gases

Tab. 4

$$V_{\text{GAS}} = k \cdot V_{\text{AIR}}$$

$$k = \sqrt{\frac{\rho_{\text{AIR}}}{\rho_{\text{GAS}}}}$$

Gas type	Density ρ [Kg/m ³]
1) Air	1,225
2) Natural gas	0,80
3) LPG	2,00

15°C, 1013 mbar, dry

Flow chart - VFH

- blue lines: leakage @ 0° opening angle
- orange lines: max flowrate @ 90° opening angle

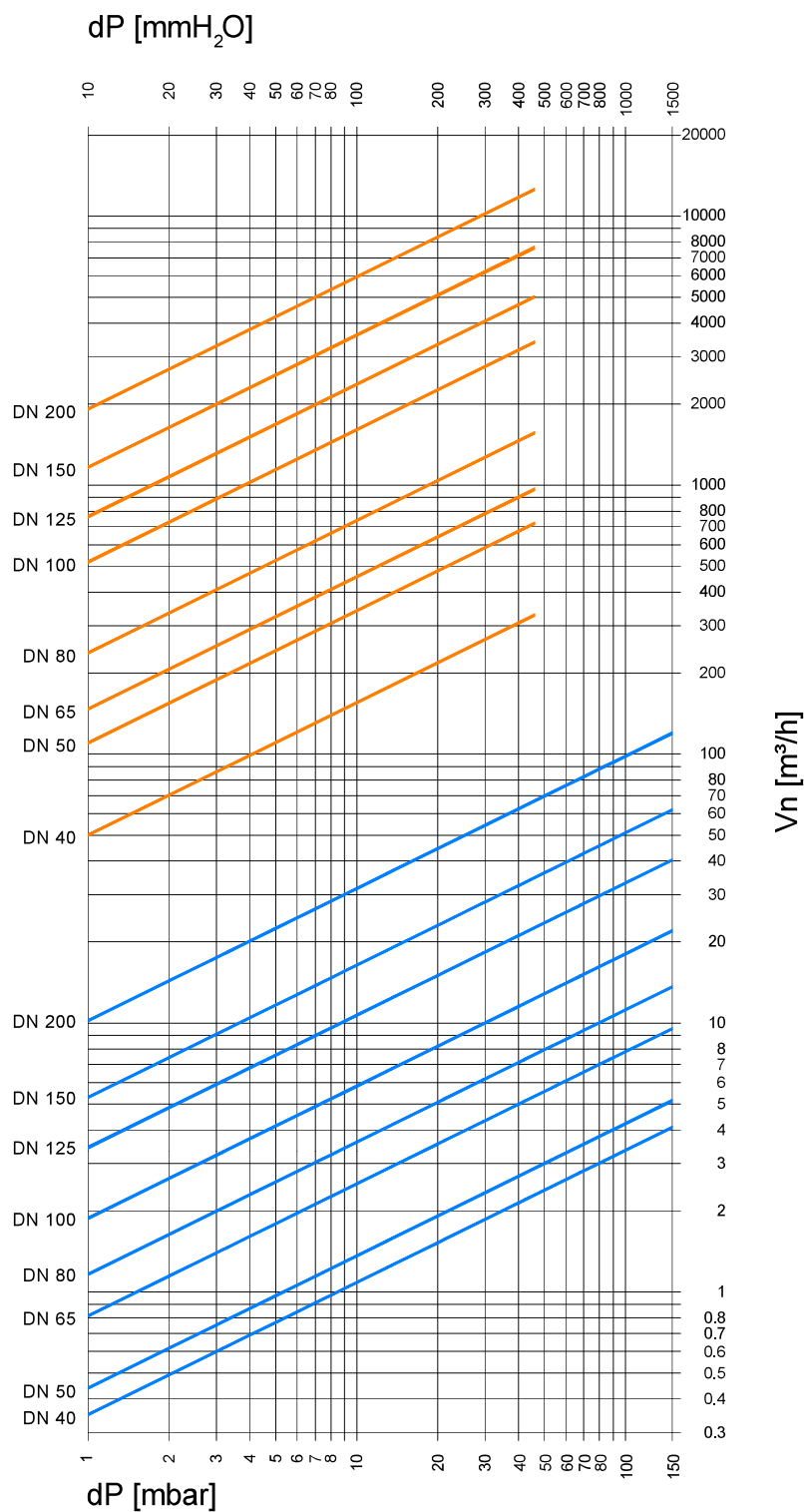


Fig.8

i Pressure drop (Δp) being 30% of inlet pressure p_1 assures a good flow control.

Flow velocities chart

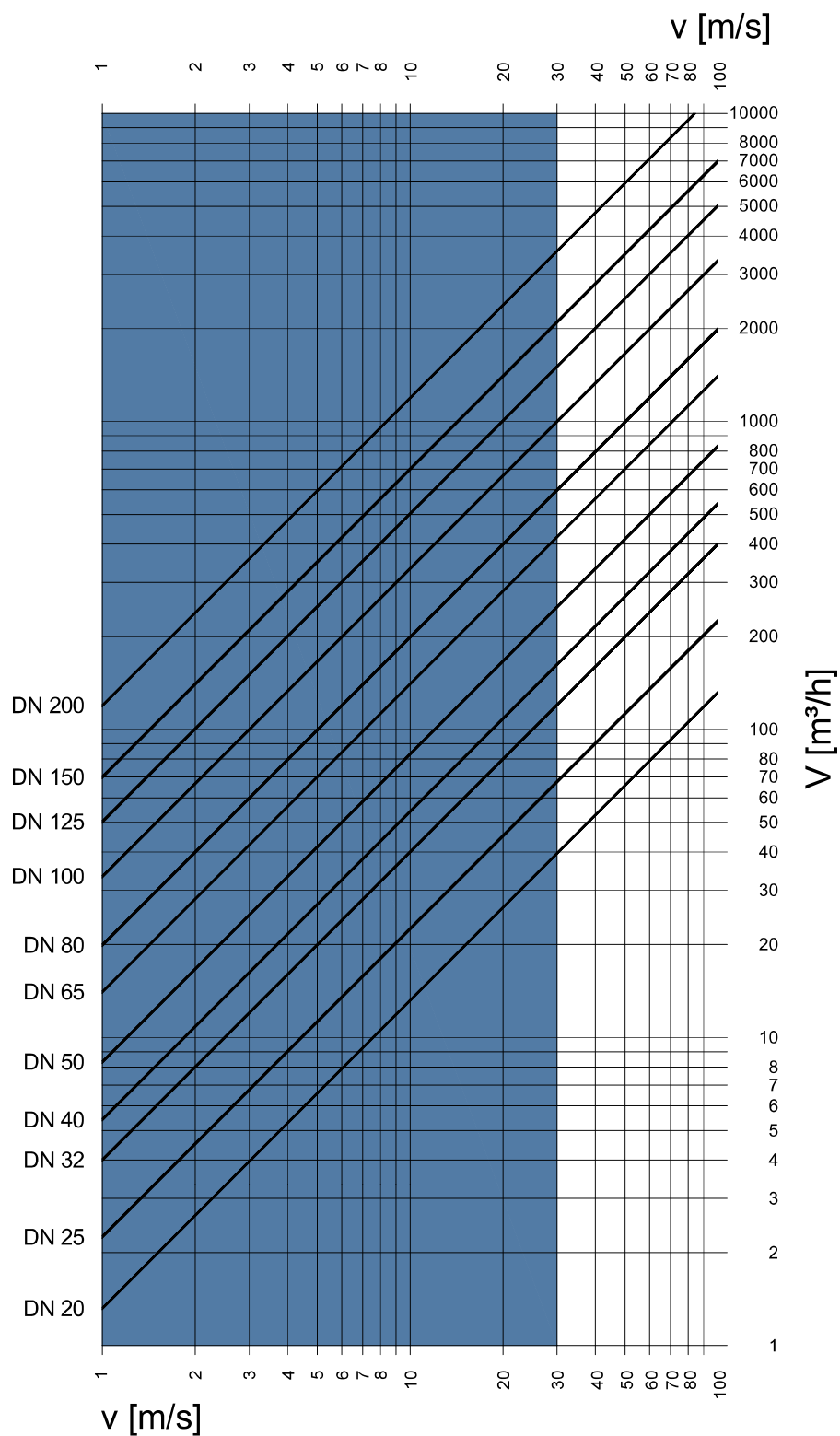


Fig.9

i Flow velocity lower than 30 m/s is recommended to avoid noise and turbulence that can affect pressure drop.

Flow factor K_{Vs}

(15°C, 1013 mbar, dry)

VF, VFT types

Tab. 5

Connections	Reduction	Opening angle									
		0°	10°	20°	30°	40°	50°	60°	70°	80°	90°
Rp 3/4	DN 20	0.6	0.8	1.0	2.1	3.5	6.4	8.2	10.3	11.2	12.5
Rp 1	DN 20	0.6	0.8	1.0	2.1	3.5	6.4	8.2	10.3	11.2	12.5
	DN 25	0.8	1.0	1.5	4.0	6.5	10.7	16.5	23	27	29
Rp 1 1/4	DN 20	0.6	0.8	1.0	2.1	3.5	6.4	8.2	10.3	11.2	12.5
	DN 25	0.8	1.0	1.5	4.0	6.5	10.7	16.5	21	25	28
	DN 32	1.0	1.4	2.8	5.4	9.5	16	27	41	57	63
Rp 1 1/2 DN 40	DN 25	0.8	1.0	1.5	4.0	6.5	10.7	16.5	20	24	27
	DN 32	1.0	1.4	2.8	5.4	9.5	16	27	41	57	63
	DN 40	1.1	1.5	3.6	7.3	13	23	37	56	77	90
Rp 2 DN 50	DN 32	1.0	1.4	2.8	5.4	9.6	16	26	38	50	56
	DN 40	1.1	1.5	3.2	7.1	13	21	34	52	73	90
	DN 50	1.2	1.6	4.0	9.3	17	31	51	82	123	167
DN 65	DN 40	1.1	1.5	3.3	7.1	13	20	32	46	61	71
	DN 50	1.3	1.6	4.3	9.5	17	29	46	68	97	120
	DN 65	1.7	2.7	7.3	16	32	57	94	144	210	281
DN 80	DN 50	1.3	1.6	4.0	9.0	16	28	44	64	85	101
	DN 65	2.0	2.4	7.0	16	31	55	89	132	185	243
	DN 80	2.1	3.2	9.8	24	47	83	132	202	296	405
DN 100	DN 65	2.0	2.9	7.7	17	32	55	86	122	162	185
	DN 80	2.4	3.3	9.8	23	49	88	140	203	275	335
	DN 100	2.5	3.4	12	34	78	133	214	331	517	792
DN 125	DN 80	2.4	3.4	8.7	22	47	85	133	185	237	273
	DN 100	2.9	5.2	17	48	103	173	262	364	478	561
	DN 125	3.4	7.4	25	78	145	244	385	583	910	1132
DN 150	DN 100	2.9	4.2	15	42	95	160	237	319	397	458
	DN 125	3.8	6.6	25	89	180	288	422	586	771	940
	DN 150	4.7	13	58	132	229	369	583	882	1557	1696

VFH type

Tab. 6

Connection	Opening angle									
	0°	10°	20°	30°	40°	50°	60°	70°	80°	90°
DN 40	0.4	6,5	10	13	17	23	31	42	55	60
DN 50	0.5	10	14	18	25	36	51	75	108	120
DN 65	0.9	15	23	31	44	64	85	114	150	160
DN 80	1.3	24	35	46	63	96	137	190	243	260
DN 100	2.1	34	52	74	105	165	250	370	540	570
DN 125	3.9	50	74	105	150	235	355	525	760	810
DN 150	5.9	75	116	165	230	365	550	810	1170	1250
DN 200	11.4	125	190	270	380	595	905	1330	1920	2050

Valve dimension can be calculated using flow diagrams or using characteristic flow factor (K_{Vs}) mentioned in tables 5 and 6 for several opening angles of the butterfly disc.

Example (calculation using diagram):

Target is to select a valve for air with $p_2 = 50$ mbar and flow rate $V_n = 800$ m³/h at standard conditions. DN100 pipes are advisable to avoid to overtake recommended flow velocity. To assure a good flow control ($\Delta p = 0.3 p_1$), pressure drop will be:

$$\Delta p = \left(\frac{0.3}{1-0.3} \right) p_2 = 21.4 \text{ mbar}$$

VF diagram curves suggest that DN65 valve can assure the requested flow rate. Considering DN100 pipe diameter, version DN100/65 (double reduction) can be adopted.

Example (calculation using flow factor K_{VS}):

Target is to select a valve for air at 250°C temperature with $p_2 = 30$ mbar and flow rate $V_{MAX} = 200$ Nm³/h. DN50 pipes are advisable to avoid to overtake recommended gas speed. Pressure drop will be:

$$\Delta p = \left(\frac{0.3}{1-0.3} \right) p_2 \cong 13 \text{ mbar}$$

Valve identification requires the calculation of K_v factor under operating conditions. Considering subcritical pressure drops only:

$$\Delta p < \frac{p_1}{2}$$

K_v can be calculated with the formula:

$$K_v = \frac{V_n}{514} \sqrt{\frac{\rho(t+273)}{\Delta p \cdot p_{2A}}}$$

where:

V_n = flow rate at standard conditions [m³/h]
 K_v = flow factor [m³/h]
 ρ = density [Kg/m³]
 p_{1A} = absolute inlet pressure [bar]
 p_{2A} = absolute outlet pressure [bar]
 Δp = differential pressure $p_1 - p_2$ [bar]
 t = media temperature [°C]

$$K_v = \frac{200}{514} \sqrt{\frac{1.25(250 + 273)}{0.013 \cdot 1.043}} \cong 85$$

VFH valve (type for heated air) having K_{VS} just higher than K_v is DN 50 (table 6). Considering a linear K_v behavior with opening angle, the required K_v value comes with an angle of about 72°.

Using the following formula, it is now possible to determine the leakage rate with completely closed disc or the flow rate V_{MIN} with disc in minimum flow rate setting:

$$V = 514 \cdot K_v \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\Delta p \cdot p_{2A}}{\rho(t + 273)}}$$

Ordering information

Tab.7

	VFT	4	1	J
Model				
VFT threaded butterfly valve				
Connection				
2 Rp 3/4 ⁽¹⁾				
3 Rp 1 ⁽²⁾				
35 Rp 1 1/4				
4 Rp 1 1/2				
6 Rp 2				
Reduction DN				
none				
1 reduced 1xDN				
2 reduced 2xDN				
Media				
non-aggressive gas and air Tmax +60°				
J biogas Tmax +60°				
R air only Tmax +200°C				
S disc with seal for low leakages ⁽³⁾				

⁽¹⁾ No reduction

⁽²⁾ 1xDN reduction only

⁽³⁾ Drive only with MZ..10

Tab.8

	VF	4	1	R
Model				
VF butterfly valve for fitting between two flanges				
Connections				
4 DN 40				
6 DN 50				
7 DN 65				
8 DN 80				
9 DN 100				
93 DN 125				
95 DN 150				
Reduction DN				
none				
1 reduced 1xDN				
2 reduced 2xDN				
Media				
non-aggressive gas and air Tmax +60°				
J biogas Tmax +60°				
R air only Tmax +200°C				
S disc with seal for low leakages ⁽¹⁾				

⁽¹⁾ Drive only with MZ..10

 The S version with seal on the disc is not intended to safely shut-off the fluid supply.

Tab.9

Model	VFH	4
VFH butterfly valve for heated air and flue gas ⁽¹⁾ for fitting between two flanges		
Connections		
4	DN 40	
6	DN 50	
7	DN 65	
8	DN 80	
9	DN 100	
93	DN 125	
95	DN 150	
98	DN 200	

⁽¹⁾ Tmax 250°C, with set D (dissipators) T max +450°. Set D to be ordered separately.

Actuators and drive sets must be ordered with a separate code.
For actuators see the specific data sheets, for sets see the table below:

Tab.10

Valve type	VF	VFT	VFH
Drive type			
Manual lever	set L	set L	set LH
Round shaft Ø10	set O	Set O	⁽¹⁾
Actuator SR-SL-ST	set S	set ST	⁽²⁾
Actuator MZ	set M	set MT	set MH
Actuator MZ with lever	set ML	set MTL	⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ Not available

⁽²⁾ Direct assembly, no set required

Tab.7

Standards and approvals

VF and VFT types meet current European approval requirements regarding safety use on gaseous fuels. These products conform with the Gas Appliances Regulation (EU) 2016/426 and the tests have been carried out according to EN13611 standard.



Certificate No.: 18GR0642/00



The product complies with the Technical Regulation TP TC 004/2011-016/2011-020/2011-032/2013 of Russia, Belarus and Kazakhstan.

Certificate No.: TC № RU Д-IT.PA01.B.21942



Quality Management System certified according to UNI EN ISO 9001.



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